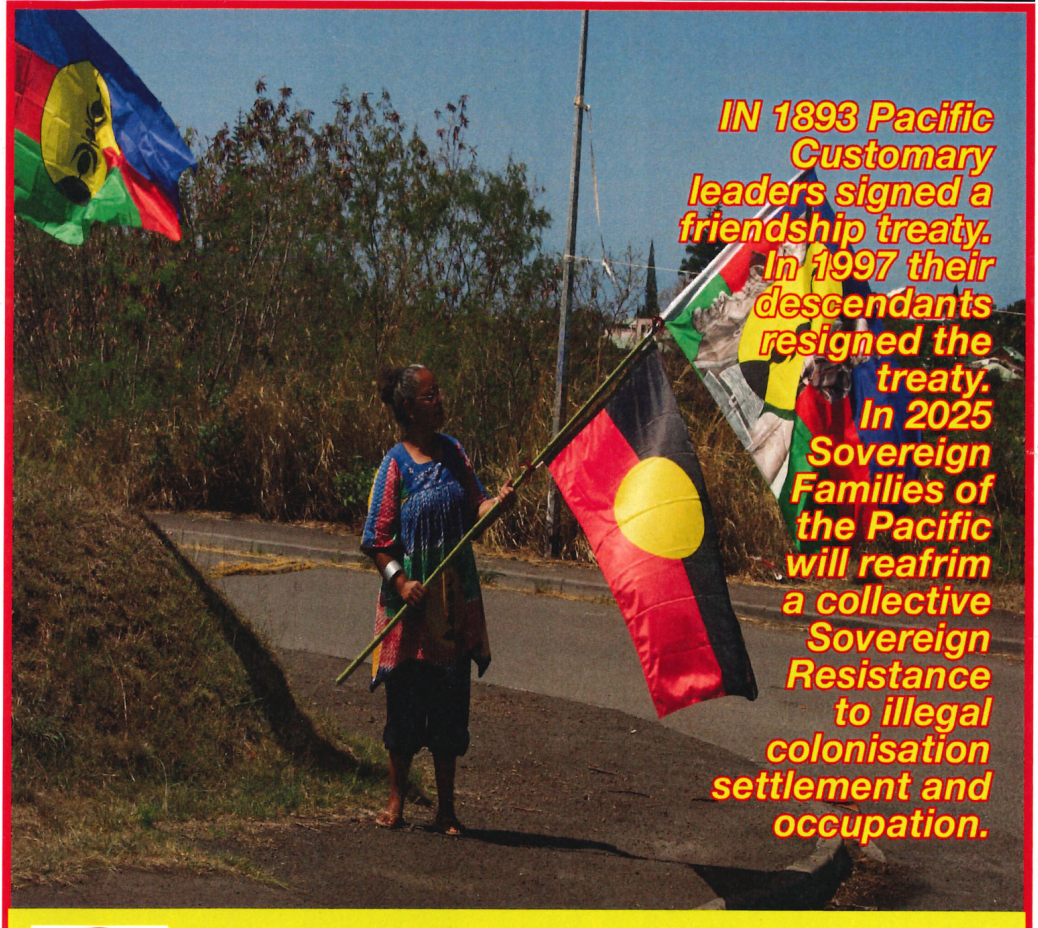
Liberation Freedom Restitution

RATA

Mobilisation pur la Liberte

ED#1 2025 talkin country Resistance Families


IN 1893 Pacific Customary leaders signed a friendship treaty. In 1997 their descendants resigned the treaty. In 2025 Sovereign Families of the Pacific will reafrim a collective Sovereign Resistance to illegal colonisation settlement and occupation.

RADIO RATA

Resistance Families Summer School

All Blak History

$100 Day

January 27 & 28
Musgrave Park

RATA

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South Brisbane
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TREATY BEFORE
SPORTS

RUBEA - KAPUME

Frontier Wars . . .

Political Prisoners

RELEASE ALL anti-colonial political prisoners held in the Colonial jails. THE Woomera Embassy has joined an International cartel of Corsica, Guadeloupe, Guyana, Kanaky and Martinique anti-colonialist organisations demanding the immediate release of 90 pro-Independence political prisoners arrested during pograms against political opponents in French occupied Colonial territories.

Arrested pro-Independence Militants are treated as "enemies from within" by French security forces and judiciary and undergo a strict prison regime as a Particularly Supervised Detainee (DPS).

Sovereign Nations Emissary Wayne Uncle Coco Wharton said First Nations Youth prosecuted under so-called "Adult crime, Adult time" laws in Queensland would become Political Prisoners of the David Crissafulli LNP Government.

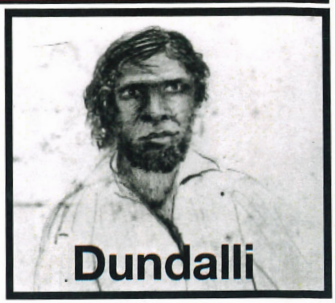
He said trial as an adult criminalised pro-Independence descent by First Nations youth to silence a generation of Resistance against illegal settlement and occupation of so-called Australia.

Today Rodrigue PETITOT, Hervé PINTO, Christian TEIN, Brenda WANANO IPEZE, Guillaume VAMA, Steve UNÈ, Yawe WAETHEANE, Dimitri QENEGEI, Frédérique MULIAVA are held in French prisons because they denounce the colonial system.

Uncle Coco joined the signatory anti-colonialist organisations in a call to end all Colonial regimes that ignore the principles of human rights to annihilate legitimate struggles for emancipation.

United Nations condemned French aggression in ongoing political violence against pro-independence groups in Kanaky, where the notorious GIGN Special Forces death squad murdered at least 40 Kanaky Peace Militants and disappeared a further 500 in a six month riegn of terror in support of a failed coup detat against the Kanak controlled New Caledonia Government.

JANUARY EVENTS
5th Jan
Dundalli Day - 10am Post Office Square
11th Jan
Flag making and banner painting @ Jagera Hall
12th Jan
Flag making and banner painting @ Jagera Hall
13th Jan
Public meeting for Invasion Day @ Jagera Hall 6pm
18th Jan
Flag making and banner painting @ Jagera Hall
19th Jan
Start of 7 days of Resistance
24th Jan
Film Night and RATA launch
25th Jan
Last Day of Freedom
26th Jan
Invasion Day



Leading the Resistance

Dundalli was chosen as a Turwan, a Yuggara word for great man or leader educated in LAW, to conduct restorative justice for the shooting and poisoning of Aboriginal people by settlers in colonial Brisbane. Dundalli was the equivalent of Judge in settler society.

For over 10 years starting from 1843 Dundalli attacked settlers and conducted robbery causing serious bodily harm and killed livestock.

While Mob regard him as a resistance leader, the new European settlers regarded him as a criminal and murderer.

However, Dundalli was only fulfilling his role as leader within a warrior society. Dundalli was arrested in 1854 and charged with six murders.

He was found guilty of two counts of murder and one of robbery with violence and hanged at Queen Street goal, current day General Post Office, in 1855.

The Settlers and Mob gathered on Windmill Hill that day witnessed the great warrior urge Countrymen, in his language to continue the fight, until the noose forced his silence.

Between 1839 and 1859 eleven death sentences were passed, nine for murder, one for carnal knowledge and one for the last public execution in Queensland.